The Severe Malaria Observatory launches French website

The Severe Malaria Observatory is pleased to announce the launch of its French website.

Le Severe Malaria Observatory a le plaisir d’annoncer le lancement de notre site Internet français.

WHO AFRO, MMV and NMCPs host symposium at ASTMH

The need to improve the continuum of care was presented during a symposium hosted by Medicines for Malaria Venture, World Health Organization's Africa Bureau and a number of National Malaria Control Programmes at the American Society for Hygiene Conference in November 2020.

First Lady of Ghana advocates for protecting adolescent girls from malaria

11th October is the International Day of the Girl Child. Launched by the United Nations in 2012, this day has been set aside to highlight the challenges girls face.

Featured projects
Transaid’s highly successful MAMaZ Against Malaria project is to expand to cover 10 districts in Zambia in 2021
The project will reach up to a million more people at risk of severe malaria.
The project is being undertaken with the financial support of Grand Challenges Canada and the Government of Canada.

Featured countries

India
Close to 1.3 billion people are at high risk of being infected with malaria in India and the country carries 52% of all malaria deaths outside of sub-Saharan Africa.

Malawi
Malawi is among the top 20 countries with the highest malaria prevalence and mortality rates. About 7.4% of all malaria cases in Eastern and Southern Africa occur in Malawi.

Featured resources

Severe Malaria Stakeholder 2019 meeting report
The meeting brought together delegations representing 19 countries and 15 partner organizations. This was the first meeting convened on severe malaria case management, building on stakeholder meetings focused on Injectable artesunate (Inj AS) and artesunate rectal capsules (ARC).

Injectable Artesunate Assessment Report
This report describes the findings of an assessment to understand to what extent injectable artesunate has become (or remained) the preferred drug to treat severe malaria in the ISMO countries or in other malaria-endemic countries globally and, particularly, in sub-Saharan Africa, where most deaths from malaria occur.
Use of rectal artesunate for severe malaria at the community level, Zambia

The objective of this study is to determine whether the administration of rectal artesunate by trained community health volunteers before referral to a healthcare facility reduces the case fatality rate of severe malaria in young children in hard-to-reach communities in Zambia.

Contribute to our community

We look forward to receiving from you project information, country policy or guidance updates and training materials. Do submit content for the benefit of the malaria community.

https://www.severemalaria.org/